WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- A multi-domain liquid crystal display (LCD) device comprising: first and second substrate being opposite to each other;
- a color filter layer having an opening on the first substrate;
- an insulating layer on an entire surface of the first substrate including the color filter layer;
 - a first alignment layer on the insulating layer;
- a protrusion on the second substrate and corresponding to the opening of the first substrate;
- a second alignment layer on an entire surface of the second substrate including the protrusion; and
 - a liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates.
 - 2. The multi-domain LCD device of claim 1, further comprising:
- a thin film transistor, a passivation layer and a pixel electrode between the insulating layer and the first alignment layer.
- The multi-domain LCD device of claim 1, wherein the protrusion has a dielectric structure.
- The multi-domain LCD device of claim 1, wherein the protrusion is formed of acrylic resin, BCB or black resin.
 - 5. The multi-domain LCD device of claim 1, further comprising:

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- a common electrode on the second substrate.
- The multi-domain LCD device of claim 1, wherein the opening is formed in a pinwheel-shape.
- 7. The multi-domain LCD device of claim 1, wherein the insulating layer is formed of any one of silicon nitride, silicon oxide, BCB, acrylic resin and polyimide compound.
 - 8. The multi-domain LCD device of claim 1, further comprising:
- a thin film transistor between the first substrate and the color filer layer. $\dot{}$
 - 9. The multi-domain LCD device of claim 5, further comprising:
- a black matrix layer between the second substrate and the common electrode.
- 10. A method for manufacturing a multi-domain liquid crystal display (LCD) device, comprising:

providing first and second substrates being opposite to each other; forming a color filter layer having an opening on the first substrate; forming an insulating layer on an entire surface of the first substrate

including the color filter layer;

forming a first alignment layer on the insulating layer;

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forming a protrusion on the second substrate and corresponding to the opening of the first substrate;

forming a second alignment layer on an entire surface of the second substrate including the protrusion; and

forming a liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates.

11. The method of claim 10, further comprising:

forming a thin film transistor array on the insulating layer of the first substrate before forming the first alignment layer.

- The method of claim 10, wherein the protrusion is formed of any one of acrylic resin, BCB and black resin.
 - 13. The method of claim 10, further comprising:

forming a common electrode on an entire surface of the second substrate before forming the protrusion.

- 14. The method of claim 10, wherein the liquid crystal layer is formed using a liquid crystal dropping method or a liquid crystal injection method
- 15. The method of claim 14, wherein the liquid crystal layer is formed using the liquid crystal dropping method, and the liquid crystal dropping method includes process steps of forming a seal pattern on the

second substrate, dropping liquid crystal on the first substrate, forming a spacer on the second substrate, bonding the first and second substrates to each other, and hardening the seal pattern.

- 16. The method of claim 10, wherein the insulating layer is formed of any one of silicon nitride, silicon oxide, BCB, acrylic resin and polyimide compound.
- 17. The method of claim 10, wherein, in the forming of the protrusion, the protrusion has a dielectric structure.
- 18. The method of claim 10, wherein in the forming of the opening, the opening has a pinwheel-shape.
 - 19. The method of claim 10, further comprising:

forming a thin film transitor between the first substrate and the color filter layer.

20. The method of claim 13, further comprising:

forming a black matrix layer between the second substrate and the common electrode.